



**DEFINING AFRICAN LIBERATION DAY:
CELEBRATING THRU STRUGGLE AND LIVING PRACTICE**

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In the context and currents of human history, African liberation is an awesome ongoing historical project and a living practice of daily life. It is that long, hard and heroic struggle Black people wage everywhere to resist and radically reject the imposition of White supremacy in all its savage and subtle forms, and to secure freedom, justice, power, peace and serious and sustained progress in our lives and the world. And it is the daily personal and social practices we engage in to end oppression, avoid social seduction and cultural entrapment, and create and sustain free space to be our African selves, live lives of dignity, decency and meaning and aid the overall struggle for liberation and ever higher levels of human life.

In a larger sense, African liberation is part of the overall struggle for human liberation and we are, as Amilcar Cabral taught, “anonymous soldiers” for the whole of humanity. For every inch, acre, kilometer and mile, country, region or continent we free or help free expands the realm of human freedom and flourishing in the world. We are a world African community and as the Hon. Marcus Garvey taught us, the whole world must be our area of attention and activity where Africans are concerned. Thus, in Darfur, the Niger Delta, Haiti, Venezuela, Colombia, Brazil, Cuba and elsewhere we must stand in solidarity with our people, and aid them in any way we can. And we must stand in solidarity with all oppressed, struggling and progressive people, and be in the vanguard of all just causes.

As Cabral noted, our primary duty is the liberation of our immediate people, nation and country. But as he, Malcolm, Kwame Nkrumah and Mary McLeod

Bethune informed us, unless we link our struggles to other peoples of the world, we isolate ourselves, fail to achieve needed strength, leave more passive or active allies for our oppressor and ultimately hinder and hurt our just cause.

Since the Sixties our organization Us has taught that at the core of our struggle must be a clear philosophy and at the heart of our practice, compelling principles. Our philosophy is *Kawaida*, an ongoing synthesis of the best of African thought and practice in constant exchange with the world. Our fundamental principles are the *Nguzo Saba* (The Seven Principles) which is a value system that establishes standards and priorities which in turn offers possibilities, pointing toward the victory for the struggle we wage and toward a vision of the life we struggle to live.

On this African Liberation Day, May 25, this day of recommitment to our liberation struggles, let us recommit ourselves also to these core principles which have been embraced throughout the world African community as a path to liberation and a living practice of good in the world. The first of these principles is *Umoja* (Unity) which calls for our active unity, as a people in struggle, and for our feeling a deep and enduring sense of kinship with all African people, a kinship rooted in history, blood, culture and struggle. This means we must feel deeply the suffering of the sisters and brothers in Darfur and find and support ways to relieve and end it. It means also identifying with and aiding the people of Haiti whose brave and unbreakable spirit honors us all and in whose resilient humanity we recognize our own. And so it is with Africans everywhere.

The principle of *Kujichagulia* (Self-Determination) calls on us to constantly dialog with our culture and extract and put into motion its models of human excellence and achievement and its paradigms of possibility. It requires a radical rupture with the anti-human ideology and practical insanity of the oppressor and a relentless struggle to think and act African and free, and to create the conditions for the possibility and practice of both. Indeed, as Frantz Fanon taught, real liberation means “not only the disappearance of colonialism, but also the disappearance of the colonized man” and the colonized woman. Likewise, liberation means not only the end of enslavement and White supremacy, but the end of the enslaved-minded and white-worshipping man and woman.

As Min. Malcolm taught, “we must launch a cultural revolution . . . and recapture our heritage and our identity, if we are every to liberate ourselves from the bonds of White supremacy.” And this requires our rooting out every inch, ounce, and iota of the data of domination in us and daring to approach the world and conduct ourselves within the context of the best of our own culture.

The third principle *Ujima* (Collective Work and Responsibility) calls for the active engagement of African people in liberating ourselves and building the good world we struggle for. It is we who must fight for freedom and justice, secure the necessities of life, overthrow dictators and develop democracy, and do the ponderous work of peace. And it is the masses of African people who must protect and promote human rights, recover and reconstruct their

culture and use it to imagine and bring into being a new way of being human in the world.

The fourth principle is *Ujamaa* (Cooperative Economics) which calls for the practice of shared work and shared wealth. It reaffirms the right of African people to their human and material resources, rejects corporate and predator-country claims of debt and their imposition of anti-people policies, supports reparations and recovery of stolen riches, and calls for an equitable distribution of each countries’ wealth in the interests of the well-being and flourishing of the masses.

The fifth principle *Nia* (Purpose) calls for our commitment to the collective vocation of an African renaissance, returning Africa and the world African community to their traditional greatness as self-conscious bringers of good in the world, peacemakers, protectors of the poor and vulnerable, allies in all just causes, and weighty partners in imagining and bringing into being a new history of humankind.

The sixth principle *Kuumba* (Creativity) calls on us to heal, repair and transform the world, doing all we can in the way we can in order to leave our communities and the world better, more beautiful and beneficial than we inherited them. And finally, the principle of *Imani* (Faith) calls on us to believe in ourselves and our people and in the righteousness and victory of our struggle; to hold fast and firm to our faith in the good and our capacity to create and share it and pass on to our children a future, forged and framed in freedom, justice, empowerment, progress and a just and enduring peace.